A Summary of the 1986 Census for Ottawa-Carleton

Volume 1 : 100% data

Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton
Planning Department
Policy & Program Division
February, 1989

25-07.1

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Introduction

1. BACKGROUND

Every five years Statistics Canada completes a national Census. This involves sending a questionnaire to every household in Canada to acquire basic social and economic data. While the only legislated requirement of the Census of Population is to provide counts of each federal electoral district in Canada, typically a wide range of questions are posed. In addition, Statistics Canada undertakes a Census of Agriculture which is the subject of a separate report.

Some questions are asked of all households and therefore represent a 100% response. Other questions are received by only 20% of households and represent a sample response. Data are released in stages where first priority is given to the 100% data. This report examines only those data covered by the 100% response and will be followed by a subsequent summary of sample data.

The 100% data includes information on:

- **population**
- **age groups**
- **marital status**
- **mother tongue**
- **occupied dwellings**
- **household structure**
- **family persons**

2. PURPOSE OF REPORT

1. To provide a summary of the 100% census data describing Ottawa-Carleton and area municipalities.

2. To examine how Ottawa-Carleton compares with other large urban centres in Canada.

3. To explore trends in selected data over time in Ottawa- Carleton.

4. To identify variations in circumstances within Ottawa-Carleton.

3. QUALITY OF DATA

Census data are often released so slowly that they are seldom current. However, as a source of data, the census has some distinct advantages.

It is the only consistent data source for all parts of the country. For evaluating how Ottawa-Carleton fits into the national context there is no comparable source. The census also provides excellent historical data. Census information has been gathered since 1666 with Jean Talon conducting the first Census in New France. While there are often superior local sources for recent trends, there are seldom sources available for constructing time series analyses.

Since individuals are required by legislation to respond to census questions, the 100% data is considered to be very reliable. For many variables, such as population by age groups, alternate sources such as the Provincial Assessment are considered to be undermined by high levels of missing data.

The Census is the only source for many variables. This is particularly true for social characteristics such as family structure and marital status. It also provides cross references between one characteristic such as age and another such as living arrangements.

Advantages of Census Data:

- **Consistent data source for whole country**
- **Excellent source of historical data**
- **100% coverage**
- **Only source for some data.**

4.CENSUS GEOGRAPHY

Census data are published at different levels of geographic detail. An enumeration area is the smallest unit. Several enumeration areas are combined to form a census tract. Census tracts are generally homogenous units in terms of economic status and social conditions with a population between 2,500 and 8,000 and a preferred average of 4,000. In very rural areas, or in employment oriented areas, the population may fall below this average.

Several census tracts are combined to form a census subdivision. In the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton, census subdivisions correspond to municipal boundaries. For example, the Township of Osgoode, and the City of Vanier are separate census subdivisions. All subdivisions are incorporated into a census division. The R.M.O.C. boundaries are the boundaries of the Ottawa-Carleton census division.

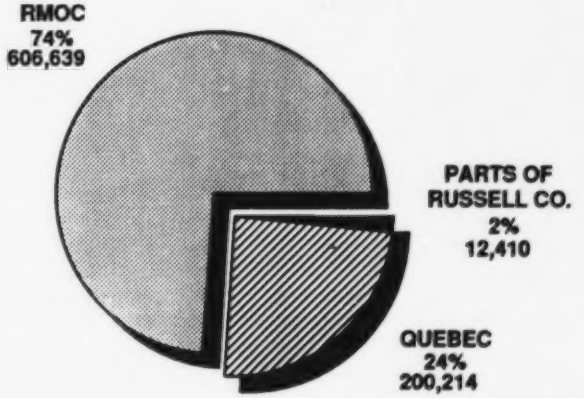
Census subdivisions can also be combined into census metropolitan areas (CMAs). A CMA is defined as the main labour market area of an urbanized area of at least 100,000 population.

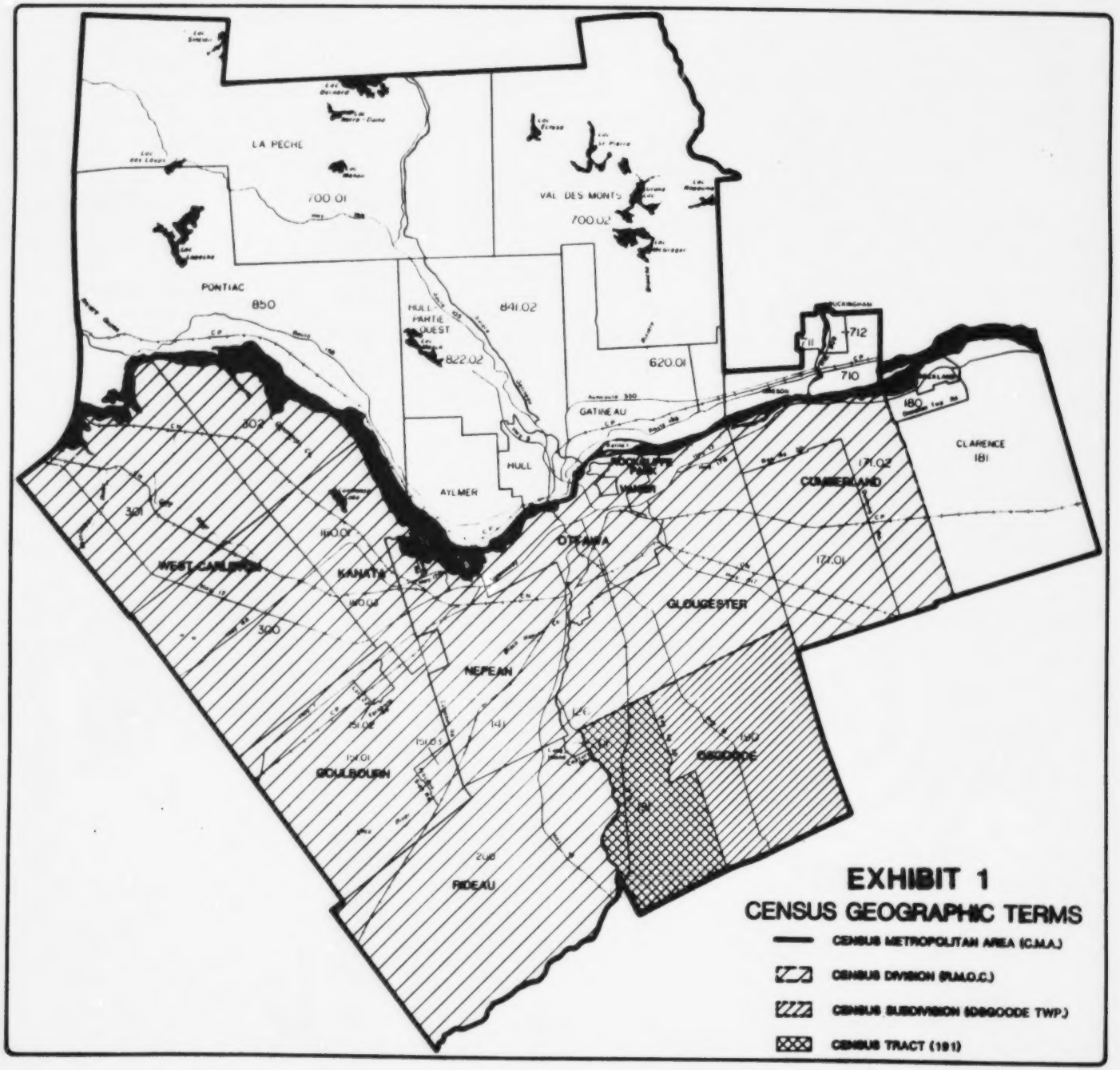
The Ottawa-Hull CMA includes Clarence Township and Rockland and the adjacent municipalities in Quebec such as Aylmer, Hull, Gatineau, and Point Gatineau as well as all of the municipalities in the Regional Municipality of Ottawa-Carleton. The total population of the Ottawa-Hull CMA in 1986 was 819,263.

For the purpose of this report, census tracts have been combined to allow for differentiation between urban areas inside the greenbelt boundary, urban centres outside the greenbelt and rural areas.

Exhibit 2

DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION, OTTAWA - HULL CMA, 1986




LA PECHE
700.01
VAL DES MONTS
700.02
PONTIAC
850
841.02
822.02
620.01
GATINEAU
AYLMER
HULL
OTTAWA
CUMBERLAND
171.02
171.01
CLARENCE
181
710
712
180
302
301
300
160.01
160.02
KANATA
WEST CARLETON
NEPEAN
141
GLOUCESTER
150.02
150.01
GOULBOURN
150.03
150.04
OSGOODE
RIDEAU
EXHIBIT 1
CENSUS GEOGRAPHIC TERMS
CENSUS METROPOLITAN AREA (C.M.A.)
CENSUS DIVISION (R.M.O.C.)
CENSUS SUBDIVISION (OSGOODE TWP.)
CENSUS TRACT (191)

Population

1. The National Context

Exhibit 3 compares the population growth in selected CMAs in Canada for the period 1971 to 1986. In 1986, Ottawa-Hull was the fourth largest CMA after Toronto, Montreal and Vancouver. Ottawa-Carleton by itself, ranked seventh in size as an urban area.

In Canada as a whole, and in almost all large urban areas, the annual growth rate in the period between 1981 and 1986 was slower than in the previous ten year period. Only in Ottawa-Carleton, Toronto and Vancouver was the trend reversed. In fact, the annual growth rate in Ottawa-Carleton was 2.1% between 1981 and 1986, exceeded only by that of Saskatoon at 2.7%.

In absolute numbers, the population of Ottawa-Carleton increased by approximately 59,000 people between 1981 and 1986, the same actual growth as was experienced in the Montreal, a CMA of 2.9 million people.

Exhibit 3

POPULATION GROWTH IN MAJOR URBAN AREAS; 1971-1986

Area	Population 1986	Average Annual Compound Growth Rate (%)		
		1971-81	1981-86	1971-86
Canada	25,309,331	1.2	0.8	1.1
Ontario	9,101,694	1.1	1.1	1.1
RMOC	**606,639**	**1.5**	**2.1**	**1.7**
Ottawa-Hull	819,263	2.1	1.9	2.0
Victoria	255,547	2.1	1.1	1.8
Vancouver	1,380,729	1.6	1.7	1.6
Edmonton	785,465	4.0	1.2	3.1
Calgary	671,326	4.4	1.4	3.4
Regina	186,521	2.1	1.5	1.9
Saskatoon	200,665	3.3	2.7	3.1
Winnipeg	625,304	1.5	1.1	1.4
Toronto	3,427,168	1.7	1.8	1.8
London	342,302	1.3	0.9	1.2
Hamilton	557,029	0.8	0.5	0.7
Montreal	2,921,357	0.4	0.4	0.4
Quebec	603,267	1.9	0.7	1.5
Halifax	295,990	2.2	1.3	1.9
St. John	121,265	1.3	0.0	0.9

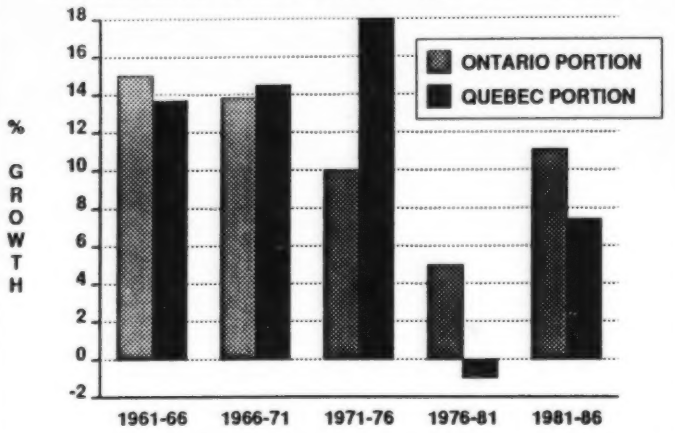
2.A Comparison of the Ontario and Quebec Sides of the CMA

Exhibit 4 compares five year population growth rates on the Ontario side and the Quebec side of the CMA. Boundaries of the CMA are consistent for each five year period. Details of boundary changes are found in Table 21 in the Appendix.

Between 1961 and 1971 growth occurred at approximately equal rates. In the next five year period the population increased more rapidly in the Quebec portion followed by a reversal in the period 1976 to 1981. In the most recent five year period the Ontario portion continued to grow more rapidly.

Exhibit 4

GROWTH RATES IN THE ONTARIO AND QUEBEC PORTIONS OF THE OTTAWA-HULL CMA,1961-86

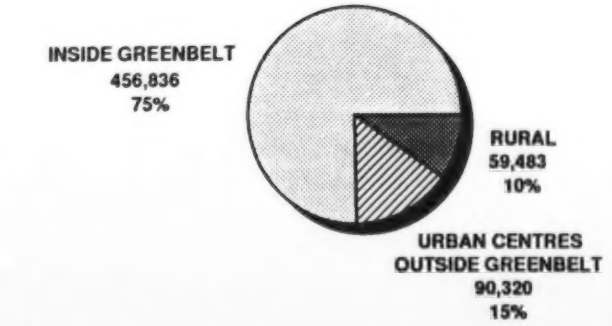


3.Distribution of Population within Ottawa-Carleton

Table 2 in the Appendix shows the population for the rural and urban portions of each area municipality in 1971, 1976, 1981 and 1986. In 1986, approximately 75% of the population lived within the greenbelt boundary, 15% in the urban centres outside the greenbelt and 10% in the rural area.

Exhibit 5

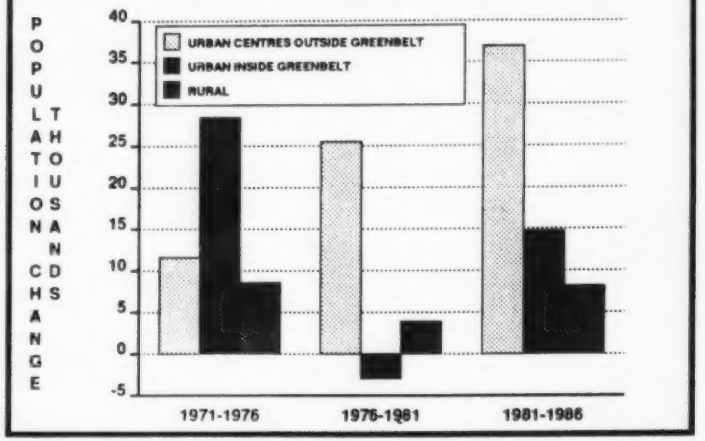
POPULATION DISTRIBUTION WITHIN OTTAWA-CARLETON, 1986



4.Distribution of population growth within Ottawa-Carleton

The urban area inside the greenbelt has experienced a decline in its share of population while the urban centres outside the greenbelt have shown an increase. Almost all the population growth in Ottawa-Carleton between 1976 and 1981 occurred in the urban centres. While their share of the population growth between 1981 and 1986 decreased, overall regional growth was so significant that the absolute growth in urban centres continued to increase. These figures are presented in Tables 2 and 3 in the Appendix.

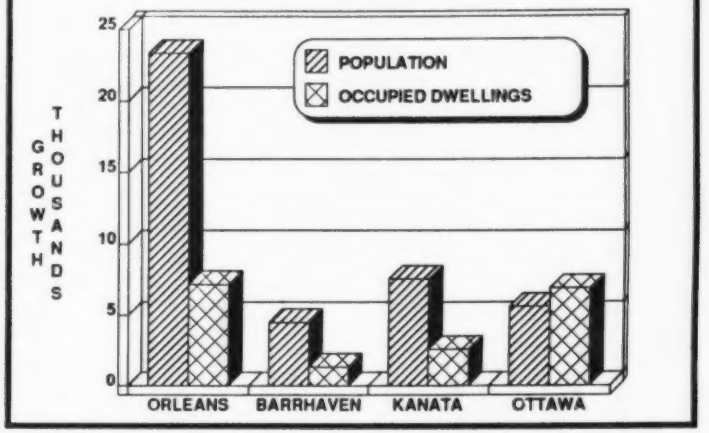
Exhibit 6 POPULATION CHANGE WITHIN OTTAWA-CARLETON, 1971-1986



5.Population growth compared with dwelling unit growth.

Exhibit 7 shows the absolute growth in population and dwellings in Orleans, Urban Kanata, Barrhaven and the City of Ottawa between 1981 and 1986. Most remarkable is that the City of Ottawa showed almost the same net increase in occupied dwelling units as Orleans but is far outstripped by Orleans in population growth. This underlines the family orientation of the urban centres outside the greenbelt as compared with the City of Ottawa. This will be examined further in the context of household size and household structure.

Exhibit 7
GROWTH OF POPULATION AND DWELLINGS IN SELECTED AREAS, 1981-1986



Age Structure and Sex

1.Changes in the Age Structure in Ottawa-Carleton

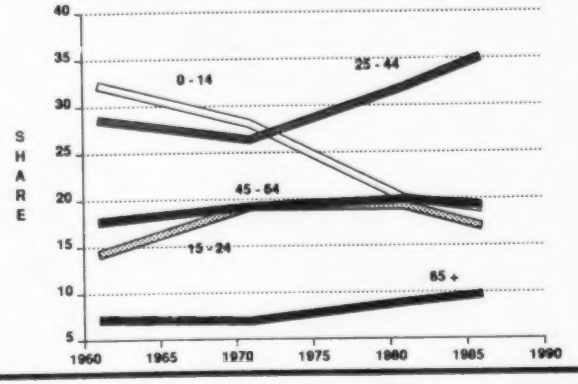
The age structure of the population has shifted dramatically in Ottawa-Carleton, and in Canada as a whole since 1961, as shown in Table 6 in the Appendix.

In Ottawa-Carleton the proportion of the population less than 15 years old has fallen from 32% to 19% of the total. In fact, while there was an increase of almost 250,000 in the whole population, this age group has shown a small absolute decrease.

Every other age group experienced an increase. In fact, the labour force population (the population 15 to 64 years) increased by 216,000 people representing 87% of the total increase. This means that more jobs are required to support the population as an increased proportion of the population is of working age.

One in every ten persons in Ottawa-Carleton is over 65 years of age. This group has doubled in total number since 1961.

Exhibit 8 SHARE OF POPULATION BY AGE GROUP IN OTTAWA - CARLETON (1961 - 1986)



2. Age Structure in Ottawa-Carleton Compared with other Urban Areas

Ottawa-Carleton had a slightly smaller proportion of seniors and children than did either Ontario or Canada as a whole, in 1986. However, the variation is not large.

Seniors range from 7% of the total in Edmonton and Calgary to 18% in Victoria compared with 10% in Ottawa-Carleton.

Children range from 17% of the total in Victoria to 23% in Edmonton, Regina and Saskatoon as compared in the 19% in Ottawa- Carleton.

The labour force age group in Ottawa-Carleton ranks with the largest but, except for Victoria, the range is not significant.

Exhibit 9

AGE STRUCTURE OF POPULATION IN MAJOR URBAN AREAS, 1986

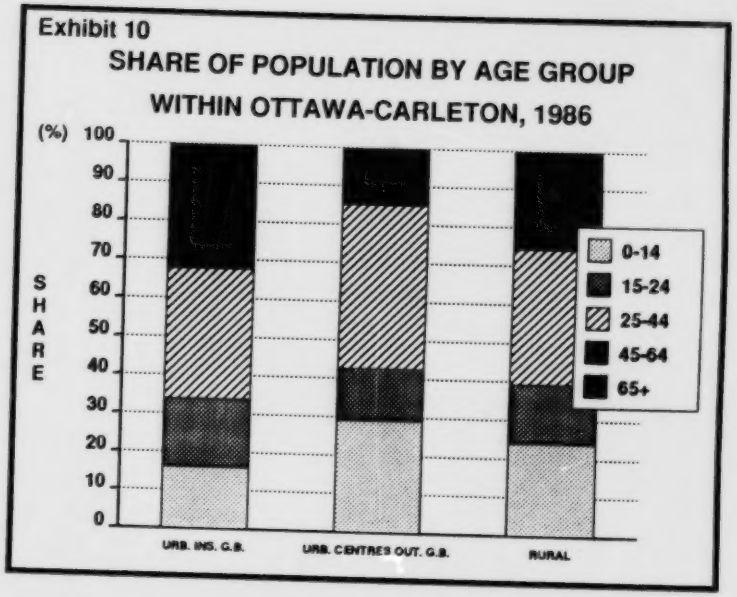
AREA	POPULATION	0 - 14	15 - 64	65+
Ontario	9,101,694	21%	69%	11%
Canada	25,309,331	21%	68%	11%
RMOC	**606,639**	**19%**	**71%**	**10%**
Victoria	255,547	17%	65%	18%
Vancouver	1,380,729	18%	70%	12%
Edmonton	785,465	23%	70%	7%
Calgary	671,326	22%	71%	7%
Regina	186,521	23%	67%	10%
Saskatoon	200,665	23%	67%	9%
Winnipeg	625,304	20%	68%	12%
Toronto	3,427,168	19%	71%	10%
London	342,302	20%	69%	11%
Hamilton	557,029	20%	69%	11%
Montreal	2,921,357	19%	71%	10%
Quebec	603,267	20%	71%	9%
Halifax	222,637	20%	71%	9%
Saint John	106,744	23%	66%	12%

3.Variations in Age Structure within Ottawa-Carleton

The age structure of the population varies tremendously by area in Ottawa-Carleton as shown in Table 7 in the Appendix. The urban centres outside the greenbelt boundary have the largest proportion of children 0-14 and adults 25-44 and the smallest proportion of seniors.

Inside the greenbelt not only were 11% of people over 65 years of age but also approximately 90% of the region's seniors lived here in 1986 (compared with 75% of the population).

Exhibit 10

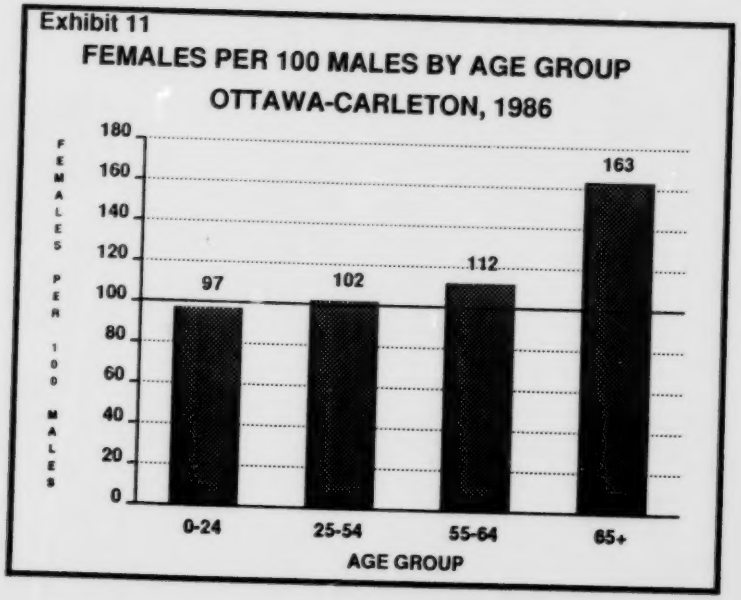


4.Ratio of Females to Males

There are more females than males in the population in Ottawa- Carleton, as there are in Canada as a whole, primarily because more seniors are female than male. In 1986 there were approximately 106 females per 100 males in Ottawa-Carleton. In other urban areas it ranged from a low of 100 in Edmonton where the population is young to a high of 109.5 in Victoria where the population is elderly (see Table 8 in the Appendix).

Exhibit 11 shows the variations in sex ratios by age group in Ottawa-Carleton in 1986.

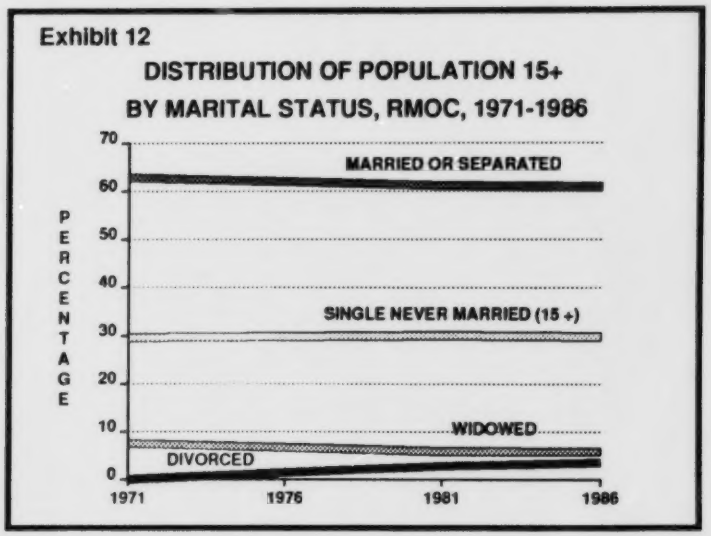
Exhibit 11



Marital Status

Approximately 30% of the population 15 years and over is single, 61% married or separated, 6% widowed and 3% divorced. This proportional distribution has remained relatively constant since 1971. Data from previous periods are not comparable.

Exhibit 12



Mother Tongue

1.Distribution of Population by Mother Tongue

Mother tongue is defined as the language first learned after birth and still understood. The manner in which the question was posed in 1986 makes it virtually impossible to compare the response with those of previous years.

Slightly over 3% of the population in Ottawa-Carleton reported a mother tongue of both English and French (including those with a third language). This proportion is only equaled in Montreal and represents three times the average in Ontario as a whole.

Approximately 17% reported French as a mother tongue which is over three times the Ontario proportion and is the highest level of all major urban areas outside the Province of Quebec.

Approximately 70% reported English only, or English and a non- official language which is lower than any centre outside the Province of Quebec.

Around 10% of the population in Ottawa-Carleton reported a language other than English or French, which is lower than the Ontario or Canadian average. In Ottawa-Carleton, the largest single group in this category have Italian as a mother tongue.

2.Distribution of Population by Mother Tongue within Ottawa- Carleton

Table 10 in the Appendix identifies the distribution of the population within Ottawa-Carleton by mother tongue. There is a very clear distinction between the eastern portions and the western portions of Ottawa-Carleton.

For example, French is the mother tongue of 17% of the population as a whole but exceeds this in Vanier (54.5%), Gloucester inside the greenbelt (24.4%), the Gloucester part of Orleans (33.6%), the Cumberland part of Orleans (30.1%) and rural Cumberland (46.2%). The same areas tend to be the ones with a higher than average share of respondents with both English and French as a mother tongue.

Exhibit 13

POPULATION BY MOTHER TONGUE IN MAJOR URBAN AREAS (%)

Geographic Area	English Only	French Only	English+ French	English+ Other	French+ Other	English,French+ Other	Other
Ontario	76.3	4.7	1.1	2.8	0.0	0.1	15.0
Canada	60.6	24.3	1.3	2.1	0.1	0.2	11.4
RMOC	**68.5**	**16.9**	**3.0**	**1.4**	**0.1**	**0.3**	**9.7**
Victoria	88.5	1.3	0.4	1.6	0.0	0.1	8.2
Vancouver	75.5	1.3	0.4	3.4	0.0	0.1	19.2
Edmonton	87.4	2.7	0.8	3.9	0.0	0.1	5.1
Calgary	82.1	1.4	0.5	2.8	0.0	0.1	13.1
Regina	85.3	1.2	0.4	2.8	0.0	0.1	10.2
Saskatoon	82.3	1.5	0.5	3.4	0.0	0.1	12.2
Winnipeg	72.1	4.5	1.2	4.5	0.0	0.1	17.2
Toronto	69.9	1.3	0.5	4.3	0.1	0.2	23.9
London	86.8	1.0	0.4	1.9	0.0	0.1	9.8
Hamilton	79.2	1.3	0.6	3.1	0.0	0.1	15.6
Oshawa	86.7	1.9	0.7	1.8	0.0	0.1	8.8
Montreal	14.8	67.6	3.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	11.8
Quebec	1.8	95.4	1.6	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.9
Halifax	93.6	2.5	0.8	0.5	0.0	0.0	2.5
Saint John	92.9	4.1	1.4	0.3	0.0	0.0	1.2

Families and Households

1.Family and Non-Family Persons in Ottawa-Carleton

For census purposes, a family is a group of people living together who are related by blood or marriage. A family is always two or more persons and includes married couples without children, married couples with child(ren) and lone parents with child(ren). An elderly parent with an adult son or daughter is not a family.

Non-families are groups of adults living together who are not related by marriage or its equivalent.

A household as how people arrange themselves in private dwelling units. A household may consist of a single person, a group of unrelated non-family persons, a single family or two or more families living together. There is also a proportion of the population not living in private households who live in collective dwellings such as nursing homes or rooming houses.

Exhibit 14 shows the distribution of the population in Ottawa- Carleton in 1986 by household type. Approximately eight of every ten individuals was part of a family household

2.Family and Non-Family Households in Ottawa-Carleton

While 80% of the population is part of a family household they represent only 68% of the actual number of households. Exhibit 15 shows the distribution of households, as opposed to the distribution of people, by type of household. It is clear that the majority of non-family households are in fact single individuals.

Exhibit 14
DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION BY HOUSEHOLD TYPE, OTTAWA-CARLETON, 1986

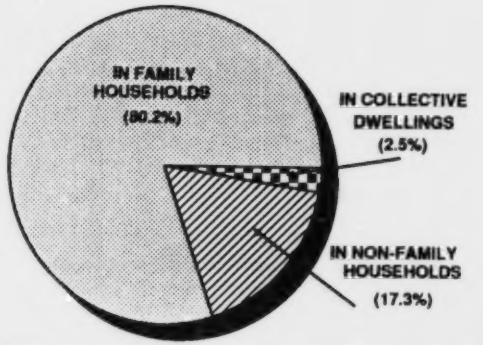
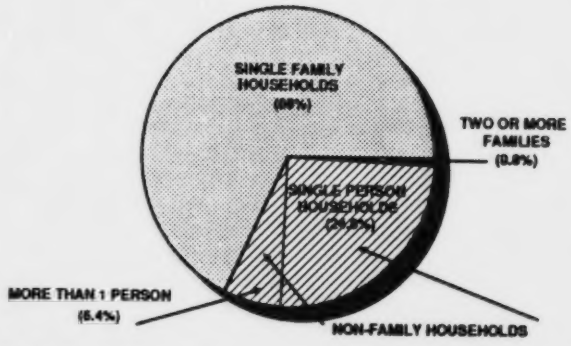


Exhibit 15
DISTRIBUTION OF PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE, OTTAWA-CARLETON, 1986

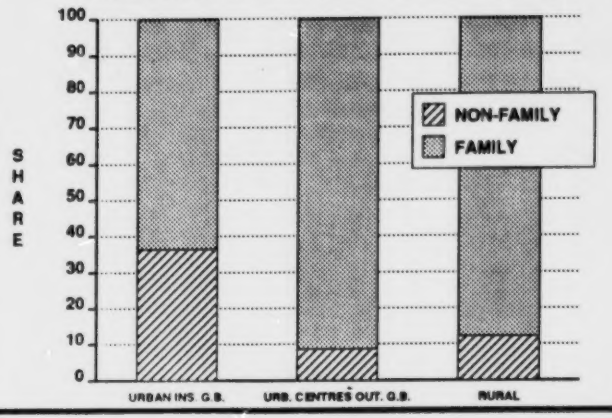

SINGLE FAMILY HOUSEHOLDS (68%)
TWO OR MORE FAMILIES (0.8%)
SINGLE PERSON HOUSEHOLDS (24.8%)
MORE THAN 1 PERSON (6.4%)
NON-FAMILY HOUSEHOLDS

3.Distribution of Household Types within Ottawa-Carleton

There are distinct variations in the distribution of households by type by sub-area within Ottawa-Carleton as shown in Table 11 in the Appendix. Exhibit 16 summarizes these data. This pattern was reflected in the comparative age structure examined earlier and underlines the family orientation of the urban centers outside the greenbelt boundary.

Exhibit 16

DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE AND AREA WITHIN OTTAWA-CARLETON, 1986



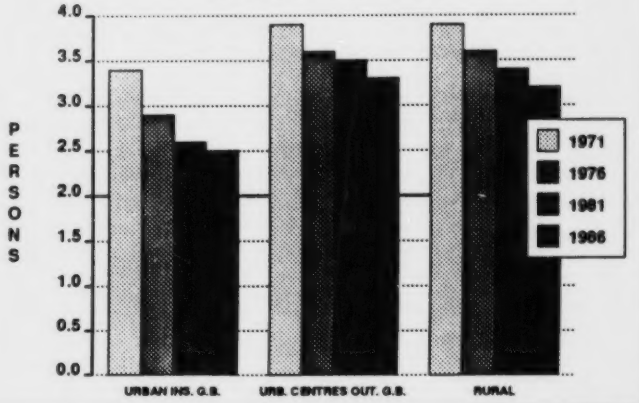
4.Persons per Household in Ottawa-Carleton

Table 12 in the Appendix shows the average number of persons per household in sub-areas in Ottawa-Carleton in 1971, 1976, 1981 and 1986. Every area has experienced a decline in household size over the period, resulting in a total decrease from 3.4 to 2.7 persons per household in Ottawa-Carleton as a whole.

The urban areas inside the greenbelt boundary exhibited a smaller household size but the average is dominated by the Cities of Ottawa, Nepean and Vanier. The City of Gloucester inside the greenbelt and the Village of Rockcliffe Park are more similar to all other areas. Exhibit 17 summarizes these data.

Exhibit 17

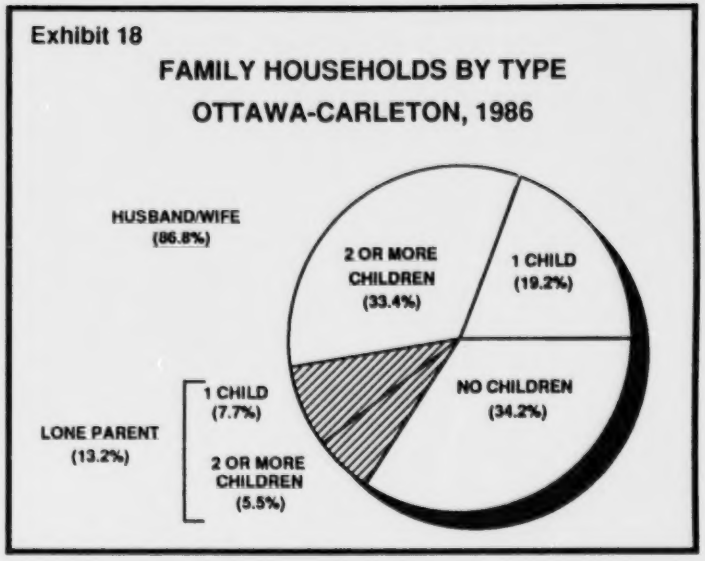
AVERAGE NUMBER OF PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD BY AREA, 1971-1986



5.Family Households in Ottawa-Carleton.

Table 13 in the Appendix shows the distribution of families by type within Ottawa-Carleton. These data, for Ottawa-Carleton as a whole, are summarized in Exhibit 18. All families can be categorized as husband/wife families or lone parent families. There were approximately 160,000 families in Ottawa-Carleton in 1986 but over one third of these were families without children at home.

Exhibit 18



6.Lone Parent Families

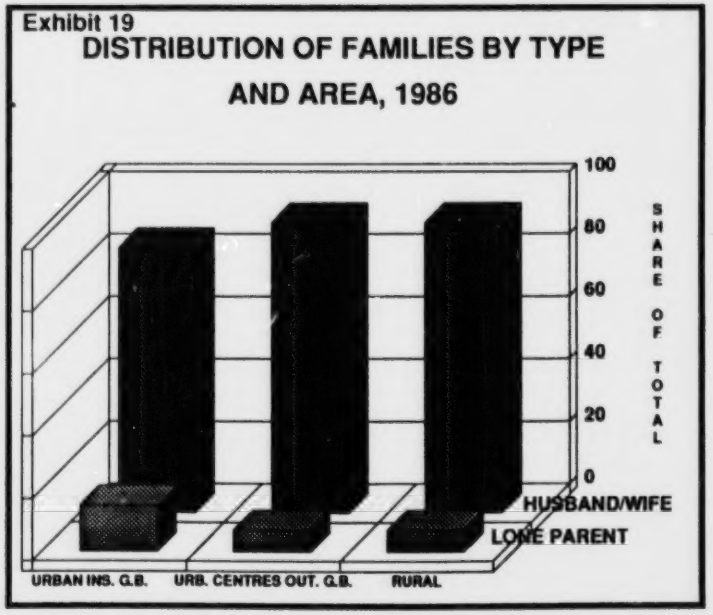
Exhibit 18 identified 13% of families in 1986 as lone parent families which was the same as the Ontario and Canada average. Table 14 in the Appendix shows that this figure ranges from 11% in Oshawa to 16% in Montreal and St. John.

The number of lone parent families increased in Ottawa-Carleton from 4,295 in 1971 to 17,910 in 1981 and 21,020 in 1986. Approximately 80% of lone parents are female.

A total of 15% of all families within the greenbelt boundary are headed by a lone parent compared with 7% in other areas. In fact, 86% of all lone parent families are within the greenbelt boundary compared with 74% of all families.

The relative shares are summarized in Exhibit 19.

Exhibit 19

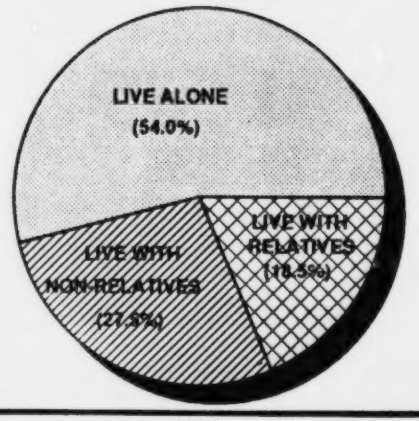


7.Living Arrangements of Non-family persons

There were 104,655 non-family persons in Ottawa-Carleton in private households in 1986 as summarized in Table 15 in the Appendix (this includes 22,835 senior non-family persons who are discussed in more detail below). On average, non-family persons are most likely to be living alone. However, there is a higher incidence of living with relatives in the rural area and in urban centres outside the Greenbelt than there is in urban areas inside the Greenbelt. Exhibit 20 summarizes the living arrangements in Ottawa-Carleton as a whole.

Exhibit 20

LIVING ARRANGEMENTS OF NON-FAMILY PERSONS, OTTAWA-CARLETON, 1986

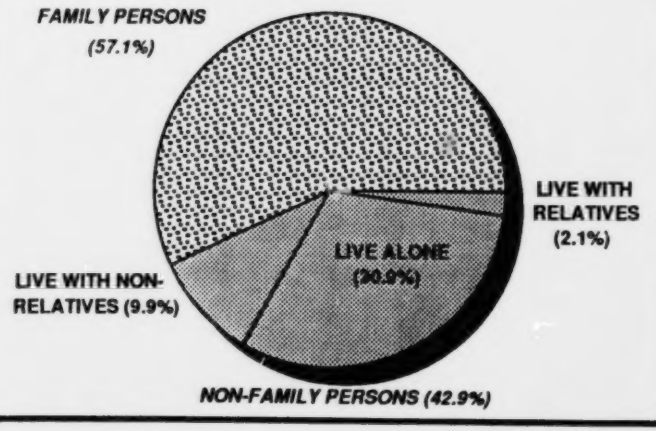


8.Living Arrangements of Seniors in Ottawa-Carleton

There were 53,210 people 65 years or older in private households in Ottawa-Carleton in 1986. Of these, 30,375 were considered family persons (couples) and 22,835 non-family persons. Table 16 in the Appendix indicates that 31% of seniors live alone. However, this average is only reached or exceeded in the Cities of Ottawa and Vanier. In all other areas, over 77% of seniors do not live alone.

Exhibit 21

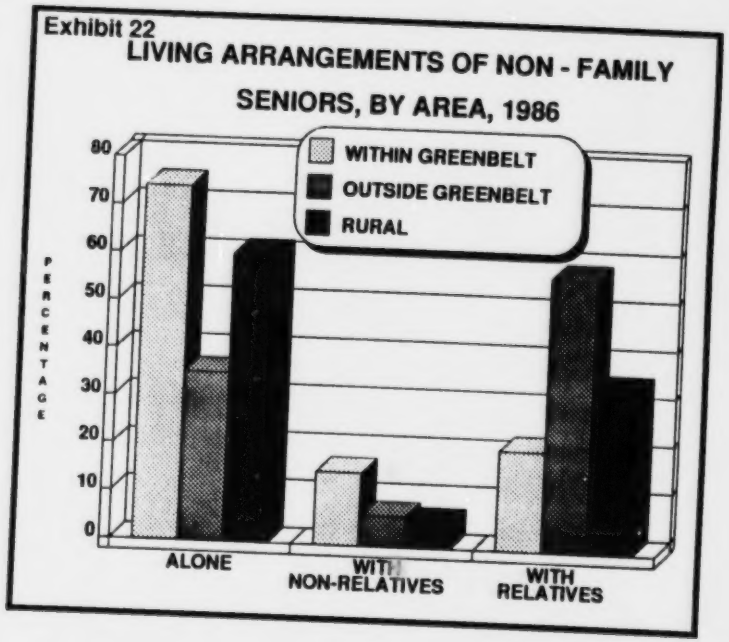
LIVING ARRANGEMENTS OF SENIORS IN OTTAWA-CARLETON, 1986



9.Non-family Seniors in Ottawa-Carleton

Non-family seniors in urban centres outside the greenbelt are most likely to be living with relatives while in almost all other areas they are more likely to live alone. This is portrayed in Exhibit 22.

Exhibit 22



Occupied Dwellings

1. Distribution of Dwelling Types in Ottawa-Carleton Compared with other Urban Areas, 1986

Exhibit 23 identifies the distribution of dwellings by type in major urban areas. The categories are single, apartments of five or more stories, movable dwellings and attached, which includes all types of multiple units of less than five stories. There is a wide variation in the mix of dwelling types across Canada. In general, in 1986 Ottawa-Carleton displayed a lower than average proportion of singles (lower only in the Montreal CMA) and a higher than average proportion of apartments (exceeded only by the Toronto CMA). Ottawa-Carleton appears to be around the average of all urban areas in its share of attached units.

Exhibit 23

DISTRIBUTION OF DWELLINGS BY TYPE IN MAJOR URBAN AREAS, 1986

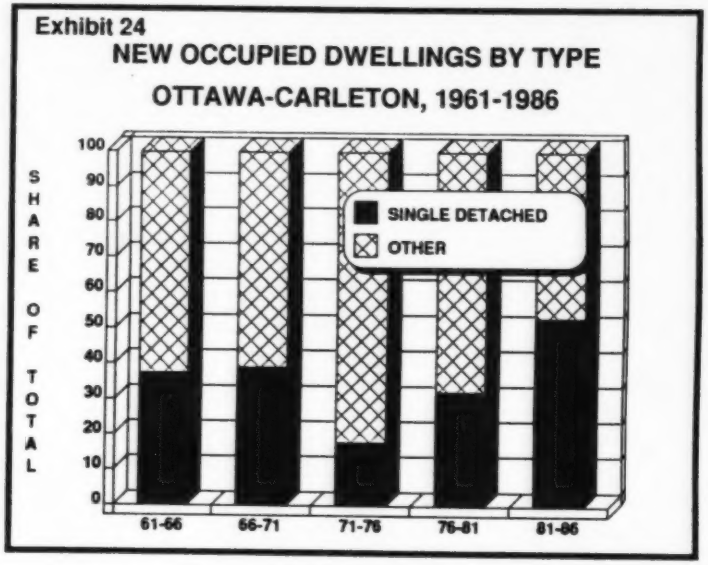
Geographic Area	SHARE BY TYPE (%) Single	Apartments	Movable	Attached
Ontario	57.4	16.3	0.4	25.9
Canada	57.5	8.9	1.3	32.3
RMOC	**41.2**	**23.2**	**0.3**	**35.3**
Victoria	56.6	5.2	0.9	37.2
Vancouver	53.3	9.9	0.6	36.3
Edmonton	57.7	7.1	1.4	33.8
Calgary	55.9	8.3	0.6	35.1
Regina	69.6	5.0	0.7	24.7
Saskatoon	62.9	5.3	1.1	30.6
Winnipeg	59.8	12.7	0.1	27.4
Toronto	43.1	28.2	0.0	28.6
London	56.3	16.5	0.2	26.9
Hamilton	59.8	19.0	0.0	21.2
Oshawa	58.4	11.7	0.1	29.8
Montreal	28.0	8.4	0.2	63.4
Quebec	41.5	5.7	0.7	52.1
Halifax	51.6	10.8	1.8	35.8
Saint John	53.3	4.3	3.2	39.2

2.Change in Type of Dwelling Units over Time in Ottawa-Carleton

Table 18 in the Appendix summarizes the distribution of dwelling type in Ottawa-Carleton in census years between 1961 and 1986. The definition of types have changed over time and while the data have been adjusted to make them relatively comparable, some small inconsistencies remain. Nonetheless, certain trends are evident.

In each five year period, the share of new dwellings by type varied enormously as shown in Exhibit 24. However, the overall trend since 1961 has been for single detached units to decrease in their share of the total stock, attached units to increase their share of the stock and apartments of more than 5 stories to remain relatively constant.

Exhibit 24

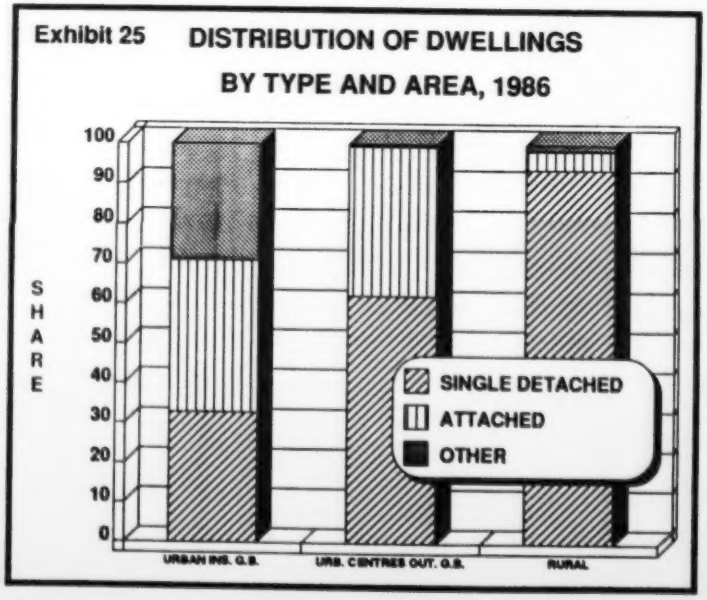


3.Distribution of dwelling types within Ottawa-Carleton.

Table 19 in the Appendix summarizes the distribution of occupied dwelling units by type within areas in Ottawa-Carleton. The profiles of the three main sub-areas are summarized in Exhibit 25. Close to 100% of apartments of five stories or more were located inside the greenbelt boundary compared with 80% of all dwelling units.

All areas outside the greenbelt boundary have more singles than other types combined but there are variations between the urban centres in terms of the total share that is single detached: Kanata (55.5%); Orleans, Gloucester (61.8%); Orleans, Cumberland (72.8%); Stittsville (82.6%); and Barrhaven (55.8%).

Exhibit 25



4. Tenure of Dwelling Units in Ottawa-Carleton Compared with other Urban Areas

In Ottawa-Carleton in 1986, approximately half the dwellings were owned and half were rented. There has been less than 2% variation in this relationship over a 25 year period.

This was a higher proportion of rental units than the national average and than the share in any large urban area except for the Montreal CMA. In 1986, the highest rate of home ownership existed in Oshawa, Hamilton and Regina.

Exhibit 26

DISTRIBUTION OF OCCUPIED DWELLINGS BY TENURE IN MAJOR URBAN AREAS, 1986

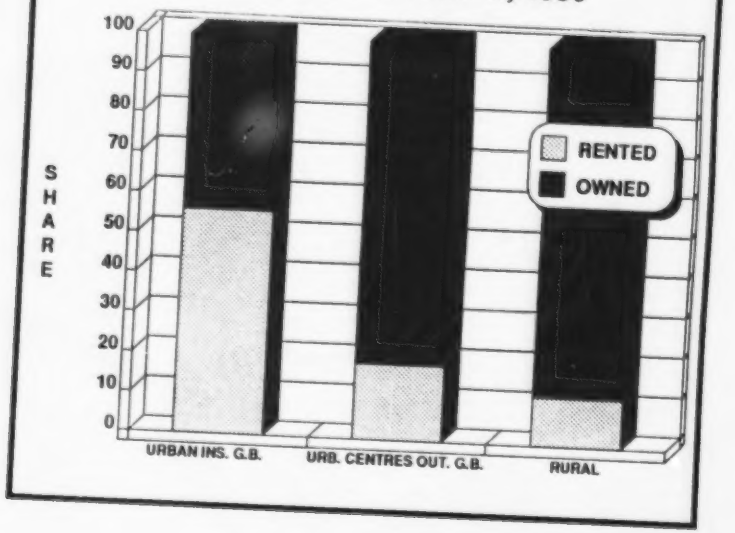
Geographic Area	SHARE BY TENURE (%) Owned	Rented	On Reserve
Ontario	63.6	36.2	0.2
Canada	62.1	37.5	0.5
RMOC	**51.9**	**48.1**	**0.0**
Victoria	59.2	40.0	0.8
Vancouver	56.3	43.3	0.4
Edmonton	57.1	0.1	42.8
Calgary	57.9	0.0	42.1
Regina	65.7	34.3	0.0
Saskatoon	59.9	40.0	0.0
Winnipeg	60.8	39.2	0.0
Toronto	58.3	41.7	0.0
London	57.8	42.2	0.0
Hamilton	64.6	35.4	0.0
Oshawa	67.8	32.2	0.0
Montreal	44.7	55.3	0.0
Quebec	52.9	46.9	0.2
Halifax	58.3	41.7	0.0
Saint John	61.6	38.4	0.0

5. Variations in Tenure within Ottawa-Carleton.

Table 20 in the Appendix depicts the distribution of dwellings by tenure in areas in Ottawa-Carleton. There is a significant variation as summarized in Exhibit 27.

The highest rate of home ownership in 1986 occurred in the rural areas (87.5%), Süttsville (91.5%) and Rockcliffe Park (92.1%). The highest proportion of rental units were in Vanier (70.0%) and Ottawa (60.7%).

Exhibit 27 DISTRIBUTION OF DWELLINGS BY TENURE AND AREA, 1986



APPENDIX

Note: **Municipal totals may be slightly inconsistent due to random rounding techniques used in the original data sources.**

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TABLE 1

POPULATION IN MAJOR URBAN AREAS; 1971, 1981, 1986

AREA	POPULATION BY YEAR			POPULATION GROWTH	AVERAGE ANNUAL COMPOUND GROWTH RATE		
	1971	1981	1986	1981-86	1971-81	1981-86	1971-86
CANADA	21568315	24343181	25309331	966150	1.2	0.8	1.1
ONTARIO	7703106	8625107	9101694	476587	1.1	1.1	1.1
R.M.O.C.	471931	546849	606639	59790	1.5	2.1	1.7
OTTAWA-HULL CMA	602510	743821	819263	75442	2.1	1.9	2.0
VICTORIA	195800	241450	255547	14097	2.1	1.1	1.8
VANCOUVER	1082352	1268183	1380729	112546	1.6	1.7	1.6
EDMONTON	495702	740882	785465	44583	4.0	1.2	3.1
CALGARY	403319	625966	671326	45360	4.4	1.4	3.4
REGINA	140734	173226	186521	13295	2.1	1.5	1.9
SASKATOON	126449	175058	200665	25607	3.3	2.7	3.1
WINNIPEG	508759	592061	625304	33243	1.5	1.1	1.4
TORONTO	2628043	3130392	3427168	296776	1.7	1.8	1.8
LONDON	286011	326817	342302	15485	1.3	0.9	1.2
HAMILTON	498523	542095	557029	14934	0.8	0.5	0.7
MONTREAL	2743208	2862286	2921357	59071	0.4	0.4	0.4
QUEBEC	480502	583820	603267	19447	1.9	0.7	1.5
HALIFAX	222637	277727	295990	18263	2.2	1.3	1.9
ST. JOHN	106744	121012	121265	253	1.3	0.0	0.9

SOURCE: 1971 DATA, CENSUS OF CANADA, V1 PT1 GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTIONS
: 1981 AND 1986, POPULATION BY CMA, TABLE 2 OF 92-104

NOTE: EXCEPT FOR RMOC, ALL URBAN AREAS ARE THE CMAS. IN MANY CASES THE BOUNDARIES HAVE CHANGED AS THE METROPOLITIAN AREAS HAVE GROWN. THEREFORE, THE GROWTH RATES MAY NOT BE ENTIRELY ACCURATE.

TABLE 2

POPULATION DISTRIBUTION WITHIN OTTAWA-CARLETON, 1971 - 1986

GEOGRAPHIC AREA	POPULATION				SHARE OF POPULATION (%)			
	1971	1976	1981	1986	1971	1976	1981	1986
URBAN AREA								
OTTAWA	302290	304460	295163	300763	64.1	58.5	54.0	49.6
VANIER	22495	19810	18792	18426	4.8	3.8	3.4	3.0
ROCKLIFFE	2150	2115	1869	2033	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.3
NEPEAN -INSIDE GB	61780	73075	72851	78959	13.1	14.0	13.3	13.0
GLOUCESTER -INSIDE GB	27985	45640	53428	56655	5.9	8.8	9.8	9.3
TOTAL INSIDE GREENBELT	416700	445100	442103	456836	88.3	85.5	80.8	75.3
W.U.C. - KANATA	7010	11740	18424	25985	1.5	2.3	3.4	4.3
E.U.C - GLOUCESTER PT.	3175	5765	14876	28766	0.7	1.1	2.7	4.7
E.U.C. - CUMBERLAND PT.	3160	5715	9021	18468	0.7	1.1	1.6	3.0
STITTSVILLE*	2158	2877	3020	5022	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.8
S.U.C. - NEPEAN	825	1845	8711	13202	0.2	0.4	1.6	2.2
TOTAL URBAN CENTRES	16328	27942	53412	90320	3.5	5.4	9.8	14.9
TOTAL URBAN	433028	473042	495515	547156	91.8	90.9	90.6	90.2
RURAL AREA								
RURAL KANATA	1265	1254	1304	1534	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3
RURAL CUMBERLAND	6120	6655	7156	8531	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4
RURAL GLOUCESTER	4980	5080	4555	4389	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.7
RURAL NEPEAN	2000	1951	2799	3329	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
RIDEAU	6243	8660	9052	10271	1.3	1.7	1.7	1.7
RURAL GOULBOURN	4842	5979	6539	7281	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.2
OSGOODE	7397	8950	9360	11197	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.8
WEST CARLETON	6000	8905	9929	11828	1.3	1.7	1.8	1.9
TOTAL RURAL	38847	47434	51334	59483	8.2	9.1	9.4	9.8
TOTAL OTTAWA-CARLETON	471875	520450	546849	606639	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

*These are the populations best representative of Stittsville. In Tables 7 to 21, any references to Stittsville include only Census Tract 151.01 which had a population of 3095 in 1986 and represented about 80% of the total.

TABLE 3

POPULATION CHANGE WITHIN OTTAWA-CARLETON

GEOGRAPHIC AREA	1971-76	1976-81	1981-86	share of change(%) 1971-76	1976-81	1981-86
URBAN AREA						
OTTAWA	2170	-9297	5600	4.5	-35.2	9.4
VANIER	-2685	-1018	-366	-5.5	-3.9	-0.6
ROCKLIFFE	-35	-246	164	-0.1	-0.9	0.3
NEPEAN -INSIDE GB	11295	-224	6108	23.3	-0.8	10.2
GLOUCESTER -INSIDE GB	17655	7788	3227	36.3	29.5	5.4
TOTAL INSIDE GREENBELT	28400	-2997	14733	58.5	-11.4	24.6
W.U.C. - KANATA	4730	6684	7561	9.7	25.3	12.6
E.U.C - GLOUCESTER PT.	2590	9111	13890	5.3	34.5	23.2
E.U.C. - CUMBERLAND PT.	2555	3306	9447	5.3	12.5	15.8
STITTSVILLE*	719	143	2002	1.5	0.5	3.3
S.U.C. - NEPEAN	1020	6866	4491	2.1	26.0	7.5
TOTAL URBAN CENTRES	11614	25470	36908	23.9	96.5	61.7
TOTAL URBAN	40014	22473	51641	82.4	85.1	86.4
RURAL AREA						
RURAL KANATA	-11	50	230	0.0	0.2	0.4
RURAL CUMBERLAND	535	501	1375	1.1	1.9	2.3
RURAL GLOUCESTER	100	-525	-166	0.2	-2.0	-0.3
RURAL NEPEAN	-49	848	530	-0.1	3.2	0.9
RIDEAU	2417	392	1219	5.0	1.5	2.0
RURAL GOULBOURN	1137	560	742	2.3	2.1	1.2
OSGOODE	1553	410	1837	3.2	1.6	3.1
WEST CARLETON	2905	1024	1899	6.0	3.9	3.2
TOTAL RURAL	8587	3900	8149	17.7	14.8	13.6
TOTAL OTTAWA-CARLETON	48575	26399	59790	100.0	100.0	100.0

*see note on table 2.

TABLE 4

DISTRIBUTION OF HOUSEHOLDS WITHIN OTTAWA-CARLETON, 1971 - 1986

GEOGRAPHIC AREA	HOUSEHOLDS				SHARE OF HOUSEHOLDS (%)			
	1971	1976	1981	1986	1971	1976	1981	1986
URBAN AREA								
OTTAWA	92890	112350	121705	128615	67.5	64.5	60.7	56.4
VANIER	6960	7355	8085	8325	5.1	4.2	4.0	3.6
ROCKLIFFE	570	575	570	635	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3
NEPEAN -INSIDE GB	16285	21000	23400	26900	11.8	12.0	11.7	11.8
GLOUCESTER -INSIDE GB	6593	11949	16200	17885	4.8	6.9	8.1	7.8
TOTAL INSIDE GREENBELT	123298	153229	169960	182360	89.6	87.9	84.8	79.9
W.U.C. - KANATA	1835	3122	5300	7875	1.3	1.8	2.6	3.5
E.U.C - GLOUCESTER PT.	985	1858	3895	8315	0.7	1.1	1.9	3.6
E.U.C. - CUMBERLAND PT.	625	1445	2575	5325	0.5	0.8	1.3	2.3
STITTSVILLE	545	840	985	1685	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.7
S.U.C. - NEPEAN	190	471	2650	3980	0.1	0.3	1.3	1.7
TOTAL URBAN CENTRES	4180	7736	15405	27180	3.0	4.4	7.7	11.9
TOTAL URBAN	127478	160965	185365	209540	92.7	92.3	92.5	91.8
RURAL AREA								
RURAL KANATA	320	362	370	485	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
RURAL CUMBERLAND	1700	1765	2060	2570	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.1
RURAL GLOUCESTER	1178	1383	1375	1825	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.8
RURAL NEPEAN	515	524	620	950	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4
RIDEAU	1625	2510	2790	3225	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.4
RURAL GOULBOURN	1200	1675	1955	2250	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0
OSGOODE	1885	2490	2835	3495	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5
WEST CARLETON	1655	2625	3125	3800	1.2	1.5	1.6	1.7
TOTAL RURAL	10078	13334	15130	18600	7.3	7.7	7.5	8.2
TOTAL OTTAWA-CARLETON	137556	174299	200495	228140	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE 5

CHANGE IN NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS WITHIN OTTAWA-CARLETON

GEOGRAPHIC AREA	CHANGE IN NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS 1971-76	1976-81	1981-86
URBAN AREA			
OTTAWA	19460	9355	6910
VANIER	395	730	240
ROCKLIFFE	5	-5	65
NEPEAN -INSIDE GB	4715	2400	3500
GLOUCESTER -INSIDE GB	5356	4251	1685
TOTAL INSIDE GREENBELT	29931	16731	12400
W.U.C. - KANATA	1287	2178	2575
E.U.C - GLOUCESTER PT.	873	2037	4420
E.U.C. - CUMBERLAND PT.	820	1130	2750
STITTSVILLE	295	145	700
S.U.C. - NEPEAN	281	2179	1330
TOTAL URBAN CENTRES	3556	7669	11775
TOTAL URBAN	33487	24400	24175
RURAL AREA			
RURAL KANATA	42	8	115
RURAL CUMBERLAND	65	295	510
RURAL GLOUCESTER	205	-8	450
RURAL NEPEAN	9	96	330
RIDEAU	885	280	435
RURAL GOULBOURN	475	280	295
OSGOODE	605	345	660
WEST CARLETON	970	500	675
TOTAL RURAL	3256	1796	3470
TOTAL OTTAWA-CARLETON	36743	26196	27645

TABLE 6

POPULATION SHOWING AGE DISTRIBUTION, OTTAWA-CARLETON: 1961 - 1986

AGE GROUP	POPULATION						SHARE OF POPULATION (%)						POPULATION CHANGE
	1961	1966	1971	1976	1981	1986	1961	1966	1971	1976	1981	1986	1961-86
0 - 4	42485	44136	36485	34320	33880	39245	11.9	10.7	7.7	6.6	6.2	6.5	-3230
5 - 9	38130	45430	47370	38775	35775	37015	10.6	11.0	10.0	7.5	6.5	6.1	-1160
10-14	35097	40776	48780	48615	39935	38535	9.8	9.9	10.3	9.3	7.3	6.4	3458
15-19	26270	37407	44990	51975	50685	43525	7.3	9.0	9.5	10.0	9.3	7.2	17265
20-24	24792	31168	45770	53870	54500	59510	6.9	7.5	9.7	10.4	10.0	9.8	34713
25-34	50302	53785	67165	89670	102045	116405	14.0	13.0	14.2	17.2	18.7	19.2	66103
35-54	91240	102940	111920	120230	131140	159975	25.5	24.9	23.7	23.1	24.0	26.4	68755
55-64	24357	28604	36185	43590	50255	53470	6.8	6.9	7.7	8.4	9.2	8.8	29123
65+	25730	29444	33265	39185	48635	58950	7.2	7.1	7.0	7.5	8.9	9.7	33240
TOTAL	358403	413690	471930	520230	546850	606640	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	248267

TABLE 7

DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION BY AGE WITHIN OTTAWA-CARLETON, 1986

GEOGRAPHIC AREA	POPULATION BY AGE GROUP						SHARE OF POPULATION BY AGE GROUP (%)					
	0 - 14	15 - 24	25 - 44	45 - 64	65+	TOTAL	0 - 14	15 - 24	25 - 44	45 - 64	65+	TOTAL
URBAN AREA												
OTTAWA	43695	51455	101285	62055	42290	300780	14.5	17.1	33.7	20.6	14.1	100.0
VANIER	2525	3615	6425	3675	2180	18420	13.7	19.6	34.9	20.0	11.8	100.0
ROCKLIFFE	335	345	455	570	315	2020	16.6	17.1	22.5	28.2	15.6	100.0
NEPEAN -INSIDE GB	14975	15340	25860	17815	4980	78970	19.0	19.4	32.7	22.6	6.3	100.0
GLOUCESTER -INSIDE GB	12700	10835	19870	10685	2550	56640	22.4	19.1	35.1	18.9	4.5	100.0
TOTAL INSIDE GREENBELT	74230	81590	153895	94800	52315	456830	16.2	17.9	33.7	20.8	11.5	100.0
W.U.C. - KANATA	7485	3790	10615	3425	660	25975	28.8	14.6	40.9	13.2	2.5	100.0
E.U.C - GLOUCESTER PT.	8275	4010	12295	3410	820	28810	28.7	13.9	42.7	11.8	2.8	100.0
E.U.C. - CUMBERLAND PT.	5635	2430	8130	2005	250	18450	30.5	13.2	44.1	10.9	1.4	100.0
STITTSVILLE*	885	480	1380	785	375	3905	22.7	12.3	35.3	20.1	9.6	100.0
S.U.C. - NEPEAN	3965	1600	5895	1510	235	13205	30.0	12.1	44.6	11.4	1.8	100.0
TOTAL URBAN CENTRES	26245	12310	38315	11135	2340	90345	29.0	13.6	42.4	12.3	2.6	100.0
TOTAL RURAL	100475	93900	192210	105935	54655	547175	18.4	17.2	35.1	19.4	10.0	100.0
TOTAL RURAL												
RURAL KANATA	330	245	525	340	100	1540	21.4	15.9	34.1	22.1	6.5	100.0
RURAL CUMBERLAND	2080	1385	3030	1485	585	8565	24.3	16.2	35.4	17.3	6.8	100.0
RURAL GLOUCESTER	885	785	1460	935	290	4355	20.3	18.0	33.5	21.5	6.7	100.0
RURAL NEPEAN	710	565	945	735	355	3310	21.5	17.1	28.5	22.2	10.7	100.0
RIDEAU	2465	1550	3465	2020	775	10275	24.0	15.1	33.7	19.7	7.5	100.0
RURAL GOULBOURN	2175	1250	3095	1355	515	8390	25.9	14.9	36.9	16.2	6.1	100.0
OSGOODE	2720	1765	3890	2005	820	11200	24.3	15.8	34.7	17.9	7.3	100.0
WEST CARLETON	2950	1585	4325	2100	870	11830	24.9	13.4	36.6	17.8	7.4	100.0
TOTAL RURAL	14315	9130	20735	10975	4310	59465	24.1	15.4	34.9	18.5	7.2	100.0
TOTAL OTTAWA-CARLETON	114790	103030	212945	116910	58965	606640	18.9	17.0	35.1	19.3	9.7	100.0

* this is Census Tract 151.01. See note on table 2.

TABLE 8

SEX RATIO, FEMALES PER 100 MALES FOR MAJOR URBAN AREAS, 1986

AREA	SEX RATIO
CANADA	102.7
ONTARIO	103.7
R.M.O.C.	105.9
VICTORIA	109.5
VANCOUVER	103.8
EDMONTON	100.0
CALGARY	100.0
REGINA	104.5
SASKATOON	105.1
WINNIPEG	106.6
TORONTO	104.7
LONDON	107.5
HAMILTON	104.6
MONTREAL	106.8
QUEBEC	107.4
HALIFAX	104.7
ST. JOHN	107.7

TABLE 9

DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATTION SHOWING MARITAL STATUS WITHIN OTTAWA-CARLETON, 1986

GEOGRAPHIC AREA	POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER					SHARE OF POPULATION 15 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER (%)				
	TOTAL	SINGLE	MARRIED	WIDOWED	DIVORCED	TOTAL	SINGLE	MARRIED	WIDOWED	DIVORCED
URBAN AREA										
OTTAWA	257070	85650	139850	19915	11655	100.0	33.3	54.4	7.7	4.5
VANIER	15900	5125	8705	1210	860	100.0	32.2	54.7	7.6	5.4
ROCKLIFFE	1695	475	1110	90	20	100.0	28.0	65.5	5.3	1.2
NEPEAN -INSIDE GB	63985	18865	40820	2455	1845	100.0	29.5	63.8	3.8	2.9
GLOUCESTER -INSIDE GB	43940	12675	28410	1530	1325	100.0	28.8	64.7	3.5	3.0
TOTAL INSIDE GREENBELT	382590	122790	218895	25200	15705	100.0	32.1	57.2	6.6	4.1
W.U.C. - KANATA	18500	4070	13700	385	345	100.0	22.0	74.1	2.1	1.9
E.U.C - GLOUCESTER PT.	20495	4365	15355	490	285	100.0	21.3	74.9	2.4	1.4
E.U.C. - CUMBERLAND PT.	12815	2530	9940	175	170	100.0	19.7	77.6	1.4	1.3
STITTSVILLE	3015	575	2290	115	35	100.0	19.1	76.0	3.8	1.2
S.U.C. - NEPEAN	9230	1745	7165	150	170	100.0	18.9	77.6	1.6	1.8
TOTAL URBAN CENTRES	64055	13285	48450	1315	1005	100.0	20.7	75.6	2.1	1.6
TOTAL URBAN	446645	136075	267345	26515	16710	100.0	30.5	59.9	5.9	3.7
TOTAL RURAL										
RURAL KANATA	1200	325	810	45	20	100.0	27.1	67.5	3.8	1.7
RURAL CUMBERLAND	6480	1625	4465	290	100	100.0	25.1	68.9	4.5	1.5
RURAL GLOUCESTER	3510	930	2385	120	75	100.0	26.5	67.9	3.4	2.1
RURAL NEPEAN	2615	685	1725	170	35	100.0	26.2	66.0	6.5	1.3
RIDEAU	7800	1805	5620	260	115	100.0	23.1	72.1	3.3	1.5
RURAL GOULBOURN	6225	1365	4510	255	95	100.0	21.9	72.4	4.1	1.5
OSGOODE	8480	1955	6030	370	125	100.0	23.1	71.1	4.4	1.5
WEST CARLETON	8875	1885	6545	315	130	100.0	21.2	73.7	3.5	1.5
TOTAL RURAL	45185	10575	32090	1825	695	100.0	23.4	71.0	4.0	1.5
TOTAL OTTAWA-CARLETON	491830	146650	299435	28340	17405	100.0	29.8	60.9	5.8	3.5

TABLE 10

DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION BY MOTHER TONGUE WITHIN OTTAWA-CARLETON, 1986

GEOGRAPHIC AREA	POPULATION BY MOTHER TONGUE								SHARE OF POPULATION BY MOTHER TONGUE (%)							
	ENGLISH	FRENCH	ENG AND FRENCH	ENG AND OTHER	FR AND OTHER	ENG, FR AND OTH	ALL OTHER	TOTAL	ENGLISH	FRENCH	ENG AND FRENCH	ENG AND OTHER	FR AND OTHER	ENG, FR AND OTH	ALL OTHER	TOTAL
URBAN AREA																
OTTAWA	200440	50115	10145	4980	350	1055	33685	300770	66.6	16.7	3.4	1.7	0.1	0.4	11.2	100.0
VANIER	5050	10045	1580	250	55	55	1395	18430	27.4	54.5	8.6	1.4	0.3	0.3	7.6	100.0
ROCKLIFFE	1545	235	50	15	0	55	180	2080	74.3	11.3	2.4	0.7	0.0	2.6	8.7	100.0
NEPEAN -INSIDE GB	62080	4520	1335	1295	55	200	9475	78960	78.6	5.7	1.7	1.6	0.1	0.3	12.0	100.0
GLOUCESTER -INSIDE GB	35380	13840	1880	700	75	130	4615	56670	62.5	24.4	3.3	1.2	0.1	0.2	8.2	100.0
TOTAL INSIDE GREENBELT	304495	78755	14990	7240	535	1495	49350	456860	66.6	17.2	3.3	1.6	0.1	0.3	10.8	100.0
M.U.C. - KANATA	21760	1400	335	275	10	40	2170	25990	83.7	5.4	1.3	1.1	0.0	0.2	8.3	100.0
E.U.C - GLOUCESTER PT.	16055	9670	915	275	15	35	1800	28765	55.8	33.6	3.2	1.0	0.1	0.1	6.3	100.0
E.U.C. - CUMBERLAND PT.	11005	5570	660	200	10	30	1015	18490	59.5	30.1	3.6	1.1	0.1	0.2	5.5	100.0
STITTSVILLE	3465	175	30	30	0	0	200	3900	88.8	4.5	0.8	0.8	0.0	0.0	5.1	100.0
S.U.C. - NEPEAN	11010	725	170	130	5	25	1145	13210	83.3	5.5	1.3	1.0	0.0	0.2	8.7	100.0
TOTAL URBAN CENTRES	63295	17540	2110	910	40	130	6330	90355	70.1	19.4	2.3	1.0	0.0	0.1	7.0	100.0
TOTAL URBAN	367790	96295	17100	8150	575	1625	55680	547215	67.2	17.6	3.1	1.5	0.1	0.3	10.2	100.0
RURAL AREA																
RURAL KANATA	1325	55	30	15	0	5	100	1530	86.6	3.6	2.0	1.0	0.0	0.3	6.5	100.0
RURAL CUMBERLAND	3765	3935	435	30	5	5	335	8510	44.2	46.2	5.1	0.4	0.1	0.1	3.9	100.0
RURAL GLOUCESTER	3090	730	110	65	15	25	385	4420	69.9	16.5	2.5	1.5	0.3	0.6	8.7	100.0
RURAL NEPEAN	2760	110	50	75	0	0	340	3320	83.1	3.3	1.5	2.3	0.0	0.0	10.2	100.0
RIDEAU	9230	305	115	70	0	15	530	10265	89.9	3.0	1.1	0.7	0.0	0.1	5.2	100.0
RURAL GOULBOURN	7540	285	110	45	0	5	410	8395	89.8	3.4	1.3	0.5	0.0	0.1	4.9	100.0
OSGOODE	9505	690	250	110	0	5	635	11195	84.9	6.2	2.2	1.0	0.0	0.0	5.7	100.0
WEST CARLETON	10705	420	145	70	5	10	470	11825	90.5	3.6	1.2	0.6	0.0	0.1	4.0	100.0
TOTAL RURAL	47920	6530	1245	480	15	65	3205	59460	80.6	11.0	2.1	0.8	0.0	0.1	5.4	100.0
TOTAL OTTAWA-CARLETON	415710	102825	18345	8630	590	1690	58885	606675	68.5	16.9	3.0	1.4	0.1	0.3	9.7	100.0

TABLE 11

PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS BY TYPE WITHIN OTTAWA-CARLETON, 1986

GEOGRAPHIC AREA	PERSONS IN PRIVATE HOUSEHOLDS	TOTAL NUMBER HOUSEHOLDS	NON-FAMILY HOUSEHOLDS				FAMILY HOUSEHOLDS			
			SINGLE PERSON	MORE THAN 1 PERSON	TOTAL	(SHARE %)	1 FAMILY	2 OR MORE FAMILIES	TOTAL	(SHARE %)
URBAN AREA										
OTTAWA	290355	128615	44070	10225	54295	42.2	73540	780	74320	57.8
VANIER	18015	8325	2790	760	3550	42.6	4700	70	4770	57.3
ROCKLIFFE	1935	635	65	25	90	14.2	540	5	545	85.8
NEPEAN -INSIDE GB	78075	26885	3920	1485	5405	20.1	21225	275	21500	80.0
GLOUCESTER -INSIDE GB	55195	18115	2250	915	3165	17.5	14770	180	14950	82.5
TOTAL INSIDE GREENBELT	443575	182575	53095	13410	66505	36.4	114775	1310	116085	63.6
W.U.C. - KANATA	25795	7880	540	235	775	9.8	7045	60	7105	90.2
E.U.C - GLOUCESTER PT.	28165	8505	560	225	785	9.2	7645	80	7725	90.8
E.U.C. - CUMBERLAND PT.	18345	5325	220	105	325	6.1	4940	75	5015	94.2
STITTSVILLE	3885	1295	110	30	140	10.8	1140	15	1155	89.2
S.U.C. - NEPEAN	13105	3980	230	85	315	7.9	3630	35	3665	92.1
TOTAL URBAN CENTRES	89295	26985	1660	680	2340	8.7	24400	265	24665	91.4
TOTAL URBAN	532870	209560	54755	14090	68845	32.9	139175	1575	140750	67.2
RURAL AREA										
RURAL KANATA	1525	485	50	10	60		415	5	420	86.6
RURAL CUMBERLAND	8280	2565	240	70	310	12.1	2225	20	2245	87.5
RURAL GLOUCESTER	4365	1405	155	25	180	12.8	1205	20	1225	87.2
RURAL NEPEAN	3170	965	65	25	90	9.3	855	5	860	89.1
RIDEAU	10120	3230	310	85	395	12.2	2810	25	2835	87.8
RURAL GOULBOURN	8350	2640	265	55	320	12.1	2295	20	2315	87.7
OSGOODE	11040	3495	350	90	440	12.6	3010	40	3050	87.3
WEST CARLETON	11770	3800	360	100	460	12.1	3295	45	3340	87.9
TOTAL RURAL	58620	18585	1795	460	2255	12.1	16110	180	16290	87.7
TOTAL OTTAWA-CARLETON	591490	228145	56550	14550	71100	31.16439	155285	1755	157040	68.8

TABLE 12

HOUSEHOLD SIZE WITHIN OTTAWA-CARLETON, 1971 - 1986

GEOGRAPHIC AREA	PERSONS PER HOUSEHOLD			
	1971	1976	1981	1986
URBAN AREA				
OTTAWA	3.3	2.7	2.4	2.3
VANIER	3.2	2.7	2.3	2.2
ROCKLIFFE	3.8	3.7	3.3	3.2
NEPEAN -INSIDE GB	3.8	3.5	3.1	2.9
GLOUCESTER -INSIDE GB	4.2	3.8	3.3	3.2
TOTAL INSIDE GREENBELT	3.4	2.9	2.6	2.5
W.U.C. - KANATA	3.8	3.8	3.5	3.3
E.U.C - GLOUCESTER PT.	3.2	3.1	3.8	3.5
E.U.C. - CUMBERLAND PT.	5.1	4.0	3.5	3.5
STITTSVILLE	4.0	3.4	3.1	3.0
S.U.C. - NEPEAN	4.3	3.9	3.3	3.3
TOTAL URBAN CENTRES	3.9	3.6	3.5	3.3
TOTAL URBAN	3.4	2.9	2.7	2.6
RURAL AREA				
RURAL KANATA	4.0	3.5	3.5	3.2
RURAL CUMBERLAND	3.6	3.8	3.5	3.3
RURAL GLOUCESTER	4.2	3.7	3.3	2.4
RURAL NEPEAN	3.9	3.7	4.5	3.5
RIDEAU	3.8	3.5	3.2	3.2
RURAL GOULBOURN	4.0	3.6	3.3	3.2
OSGOODE	3.9	3.6	3.3	3.2
WEST CARLETON	3.6	3.4	3.2	3.1
TOTAL RURAL	3.9	3.6	3.4	3.2
TOTAL OTTAWA-CARLETON	3.4	3.0	2.7	2.7

TABLE 13

DISTRIBUTION OF FAMILIES WITHIN OTTAWA-CARLETON

GEOGRAPHIC AREA	NUMBER OF CENSUS FAMILIES BY TYPE										FAMILY PERSONS			
	TOTAL FAMILIES	HUSBAND/ WIFE TOTAL	HUSBAND/ WIFE WITH NO CHILD	HUSBAND/ WIFE WITH 1 CHILD	HUSBAND/ WIFE WITH 2+ CHILDREN	LONE PARENT TOTAL	MALE LONE PARENT	FEMALE LONE PARENT	LONE PARENT 1 CHILD	LONE PARENT 2+ CHILDREN	TOTAL FAMILY PERSONS	AVERAGE PERSONS PER FAMILY	TOTAL CHILDREN AT HOME	AVERAGE CHILDREN PER FAMILY
URBAN AREA														
OTTAWA	75125	62735	30785	13185	18765	12390	1940	10450	7595	4790	215620	2.9	77755	1.0
VANIER	4845	3840	2040	960	840	1005	145	860	695	305	13005	2.7	4320	0.9
ROCKLIFFE	555	515	210	100	205	40	5	30	15	20	1755	3.2	685	1.2
NEPEAN -INSIDE GB	21770	19105	6715	4500	7890	2655	475	2185	1485	1150	68510	3.1	27620	1.3
GLOUCESTER -INSIDE GB	15140	13095	3895	3135	6065	2055	380	1695	1025	1025	49185	3.2	20925	1.4
TOTAL INSIDE GREENBELT	117435	99290	43645	21880	33765	18145	2945	15220	10815	7290	348075	3.0	131305	1.1
W.U.C. - KANATA	7175	6495	1620	1445	3430	670	155	515	315	350	24235	3.4	10570	1.5
E.U.C - GLOUCESTER PT.	7805	7310	1850	1645	3815	505	140	370	240	245	26525	3.4	11405	1.5
E.U.C. - CUMBERLAND PT.	5070	4795	1075	1095	2625	275	60	220	135	155	17530	3.5	7675	1.5
STITTSVILLE	1170	1115	435	230	450	50	10	45	30	25	3650	3.1	1370	1.2
S.U.C. - NEPEAN	3695	3430	840	840	1750	260	60	200	125	140	12430	3.4	5300	1.4
TOTAL URBAN CENTRES	24915	23145	5820	5255	12070	1760	475	1350	845	915	84370	3.4	36320	1.5
TOTAL URBAN	142350	122435	49465	27135	45835	19905	3370	16570	11660	8205	432445	3.0	167625	1.2
RURAL AREA														
RURAL KANATA	425	385	125	75	185	40	10	30	20	25	1400	3.3	590	1.4
RURAL CUMBERLAND	2285	2135	605	510	1020	155	55	95	70	65	7690	3.4	3265	1.4
RURAL GLOUCESTER	1230	1115	355	260	500	95	10	60	85	45	3935	3.2	1615	1.3
RURAL NEPEAN	880	830	245	190	395	65	25	35	30	50	2940	3.3	1250	1.4
RIDEAU	2860	2700	895	555	1250	160	45	120	90	75	9445	3.3	3855	1.3
RURAL GOULBOURN	2340	2170	620	485	1065	175	50	115	90	75	7805	3.3	3290	1.4
OSGOODE	3095	2900	940	590	1370	195	50	145	100	90	10210	3.3	4220	1.4
WEST CARLETON	3380	3150	1100	640	1410	230	70	160	130	105	10945	3.2	4420	1.3
TOTAL RURAL	16495	15385	4885	3305	7195	1115	315	760	615	530	54370	3.3	22505	1.4
TOTAL OTTAWA-CARLETON	158845	137820	54350	30440	53030	21020	3685	17330	12275	8735	486815	3.1	190130	1.2

TABLE 14

LONE PARENT FAMILIES (% OF ALL FAMILIES), MAJOR URBAN AREAS, 1986

AREA	%
CANADA	13
ONTARIO	13
R.M.O.C.	13
VICTORIA	13
VANCOUVER	13
EDMONTON	13
CALGARY	13
REGINA	13
SASKATOON	14
WINNIPEG	14
TORONTO	13
OSHAWA	11
LONDON	13
HAMILTON	12
MONTREAL	16
QUEBEC	15
HALIFAX	14
ST. JOHN	16

TABLE 15

LIVING ARRANGEMENTS OF NON-FAMILY PERSONS WITHIN OTTAWA-CARLETON, 1986

GEOGRAPHIC AREA	NON-FAMILY PERSONS				SHARE OF NON-FAMILY PERSONS			
	TOTAL	LIVING WITH RELATIVES	LIVING WITH NON-RELATIVES	LIVING ALONE	TOTAL	LIVING WITH RELATIVES	LIVING WITH NON-RELATIVES	LIVING ALONE
URBAN AREA								
OTTAWA	74735	11465	19205	44065	100	15.3	25.7	59.0
VANIER	5010	860	1355	2790	100	17.2	27.0	55.7
ROCKLIFFE	185	40	70	65	100	21.6	37.8	35.1
NEPEAN -INSIDE GB	9565	2425	3225	3915	100	25.4	33.7	40.9
GLOUCESTER -INSIDE GB	6035	1625	2150	2260	100	26.9	35.6	37.4
TOTAL INSIDE GREENBELT	95530	16415	26005	53095	100	17.2	27.2	55.6
W.U.C. - KANATA	1555	485	530	555	100	31.2	34.1	35.7
E.U.C - GLOUCESTER PT.	1655	505	565	560	100	30.5	34.1	33.8
E.U.C. - CUMBERLAND PT.	810	345	255	210	100	42.6	31.5	25.9
STITTSVILLE	235	80	40	105	100	34.0	17.0	44.7
S.U.C. - NEPEAN	675	215	220	235	100	31.9	32.6	34.8
TOTAL URBAN CENTRES	4930	1630	1610	1665	100	33.1	32.7	33.8
TOTAL URBAN	100460	18045	27615	54760	100	18.0	27.5	54.5
RURAL AREA								
RURAL KANATA	125	40	40	50	100	32.0	32.0	40.0
RURAL CUMBERLAND	595	200	155	245	100	33.6	26.1	41.2
RURAL GLOUCESTER	390	135	140	145	100	34.6	35.9	37.2
RURAL NEPEAN	225	90	75	70	100	40.0	33.3	31.1
RIDEAU	675	190	175	310	100	28.1	25.9	45.9
RURAL GOULBOURN	540	150	130	275	100	27.8	24.1	50.9
OSGOODE	825	280	200	350	100	33.9	24.2	42.4
WEST CARLETON	820	240	220	365	100	29.3	26.8	44.5
TOTAL RURAL	4195	1325	1135	1810	100	31.6	27.1	43.1
TOTAL OTTAWA-CARLETON	104655	19370	28750	56570	100	18.5	27.5	54.1

TABLE 16

LIVING ARRANGEMENTS OF SENIORS WITHIN OTTAWA-CARLETON, 1986
PERSONS 65 YEARS OR OLDER*

GEOGRAPHIC AREA	TOTAL PERSONS	FAMILY PERSONS	NON-FAMILY PERSONS: TOTAL NON-FAMILY PERSONS	LIVING WITH RELATIVES	LIVING WITH NON-RELATIVES	LIVING ALONE	TOTAL PERSONS	FAMILY PERSONS	NON-FAMILY PERSONS: TOTAL NON-FAMILY PERSONS	LIVING WITH RELATIVES	LIVING WITH NON-RELATIVES	LIVING ALONE
URBAN AREA												
OTTAWA	38030	20490	17540	3170	850	13515	100.0	53.9	46.1	8.3	2.2	35.5
VANIER	1990	1095	895	185	70	640	100.0	55.0	45.0	9.3	3.5	32.2
ROCKLIFFE	315	245	70	15	10	40	100.0	77.8	22.2	4.8	3.2	12.7
NEPEAN -INSIDE GB	4735	3120	1615	625	65	920	100.0	65.9	34.1	13.2	1.4	19.4
GLOUCESTER -INSIDE GB	2160	1425	735	350	60	345	100.0	66.0	34.0	16.2	2.8	16.0
TOTAL INSIDE GREENBELT	47230	26375	20855	4345	1055	15460	100.0	55.8	44.2	9.2	2.2	32.7
W.U.C. - KANATA	650	415	235	120	10	100	100.0	63.8	36.2	18.5	1.5	15.4
E.U.C - GLOUCESTER PT.	540	340	200	120	10	70	100.0	63.0	37.0	22.2	1.9	13.0
E.U.C. - CUMBERLAND PT.	250	140	110	80	15	15	100.0	56.0	44.0	32.0	6.0	6.0
STITTSVILLE	370	285	85	25	0	55	100.0	77.0	23.0	6.8	0.0	14.9
S.U.C. - NEPEAN	225	130	95	70	10	15	100.0	57.8	42.2	31.1	4.4	6.7
TOTAL URBAN CENTRES	2035	1310	725	415	45	255	100.0	64.4	35.6	20.4	2.2	12.5
TOTAL URBAN	49265	27685	21580	4760	1100	15715	100.0	56.2	43.8	9.7	2.2	31.9
TOTAL RURAL												
RURAL KANATA	100	75	25	20	5	5	100.0	75.0	25.0	20.0	5.0	5.0
RURAL CUMBERLAND	450	295	155	45	5	105	100.0	65.6	34.4	10.0	1.1	23.3
RURAL GLOUCESTER	285	205	80	15	0	50	100.0	71.9	28.1	5.3	0.0	17.5
RURAL NEPEAN	220	135	85	50	5	40	100.0	61.4	38.6	22.7	2.3	18.2
RIDEAU	765	545	220	75	10	135	100.0	71.2	28.8*	9.8	1.3	17.6
RURAL GOULBOURN	495	320	175	60	10	110	100.0	64.6	35.4	12.1	2.0	22.2
OSGOODE	760	495	265	80	10	170	100.0	65.1	34.9	10.5	1.3	22.4
WEST CARLETON	870	620	250	85	20	140	100.0	71.3	28.7	9.8	2.3	16.1
TOTAL RURAL	3945	2690	1255	430	65	755	100.0	68.2	31.8	10.9	1.6	19.1
TOTAL OTTAWA-CARLETON	53210	30375	22835	5190	1165	16470	100.0	57.1	42.9	9.8	2.2	31.0

*This is persons in private households only
and does not include individuals in collective dwellings.

TABLE 17

DISTRIBUTION OF OCCUPIED DWELLINGS BY STRUCTURAL TYPE AND TENURE IN MAJOR URBAN AREAS, 1986

GEOGRAPHIC AREA	SHARE BY TENURE (%)			SHARE BY TYPE(%)				
	OWNED	RENTED	ON RESERVE	SINGLE	APTS	MOVABLE	ATTACHED	PERSONS PER DWELLING UNIT
ONTARIO	63.6	36.2	0.2	57.4	16.3	0.4	25.9	2.8
CANADA	62.1	37.5	0.5	57.5	8.9	1.3	32.3	2.8
RMOC	51.9	48.1	0.0	41.2	23.2	0.3	35.3	2.7
VICTORIA	59.2	40.0	0.8	56.6	5.2	0.9	37.2	2.4
VANCOUVER	56.3	43.3	0.4	53.3	9.9	0.6	36.3	2.6
EDMONTON	57.1	42.8	0.1	57.7	7.1	1.4	33.8	2.8
CALGARY	57.9	42.1	0.0	55.9	8.3	0.6	35.1	2.7
REGINA	65.7	34.3	0.0	69.6	5.0	0.7	24.7	2.8
SASKATOON	59.9	40.0	0.0	62.9	5.3	1.1	30.6	2.7
WINNIPEG	60.8	39.2	0.0	59.8	12.7	0.1	27.4	2.6
TORONTO	58.3	41.7	0.0	43.1	28.2	0.0	28.6	2.9
LONDON	57.8	42.2	0.0	56.3	16.5	0.2	26.9	2.6
HAMILTON	64.6	35.4	0.0	59.8	19.0	0.0	21.2	2.8
OSHAWA	67.8	32.2	0.0	58.4	11.7	0.1	29.8	3.6
MONTREAL	44.7	55.3	0.0	28.0	8.4	0.2	63.4	2.6
QUEBEC	52.9	46.9	0.2	41.5	5.7	0.7	52.1	2.8
HALIFAX	58.3	41.7	0.0	51.6	10.8	1.8	35.8	2.9
ST. JOHN	61.6	38.4	0.0	53.3	4.3	3.2	39.2	2.9

SOURCE: 1986 CENSUS, CMA'S AND CA'S PART 1 PROFILES CAT. NO. 94-127

TABLE 18

OCCUPIED DWELLINGS BY TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION, RMOC, 1961 TO 1986*

UNIT TYPE	TOTAL NUMBER OF UNITS						SHARE OF UNITS					
	1961	1966	1971	1976	1981	1986	1961	1966	1971	1976	1981	1986
DETACHED	47096	54820	64315	70950	79360	94060	51.1	48.6	46.9	40.7	39.6	41.2
ATTACHED	13176	24800	30825	36615	48785	54320	14.3	22.0	22.5	21.0	24.3	23.8
APARTMENT	31722	32900	41330	65775	71390	79110	34.4	29.2	30.1	37.7	35.6	34.7
MOBILE	89	210	635	970	940	650	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.3
TOTAL	92083	112730	137105	174310	200475	228140	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

UNIT TYPE	CHANGE IN NUMBER OF UNITS					SHARE OF CHANGE IN NUMBER OF UNITS (%)				
	1961-66	1966-71	1971-76	1976-81	1981-86	1961-66	1966-71	1971-76	1976-81	1981-86
DETACHED	7724	9495	6635	8410	14700	37.4	39.0	17.8	32.1	53.1
ATTACHED	11624	6025	5790	12170	5535	56.3	24.7	15.6	46.5	20.0
APARTMENT	1178	8430	24445	5615	7720	5.7	34.6	65.7	21.5	27.9
MOBILE	121	425	335	-30	-290	0.6	1.7	0.9	-0.1	-1.0
TOTAL	20647	24375	37205	26165	27665	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

*NOTE: In this table the heading APARTMENT includes all apartments except duplexes.
In all other tables, apartments include only those of five stories or more.

TABLE 19

DISTRIBUTION OF DWELLINGS SHOWING TYPE, OTTAWA-CARLETON, 1986

GEOGRAPHIC AREA	PRIVATE OCCUPIED DWELLINGS					SHARE OF DWELLINGS				
	TOTAL	SINGLE	APARTMENTS 5 STORIES+	MOBILE	ATTACHED	TOTAL	SINGLE	APARTMENTS 5 STORIES+	MOBILE	ATTACHED
URBAN AREA										
OTTAWA	128615	38600	44725	25	45265	100	30.0	34.8	0.0	35.2
VANIER	8325	1235	1470	0	5610	100.0	14.8	17.7	0.0	67.4
ROCKLIFFE	635	590	0	0	45	100.0	92.9	0.0	0.0	7.1
NEPEAN -INSIDE GB	26885	13015	4115	275	9505	100.0	48.4	15.3	1.0	35.4
GLOUCESTER -INSIDE GB	18115	6395	2460	0	9235	100.0	35.3	13.6	0.0	51.0
TOTAL INSIDE GREENBELT	182575	59835	52770	300	69660	100.0	32.8	28.9	0.2	38.2
W.U.C. - KANATA	7880	4375	80	0	3430	100.0	55.5	1.0	0.0	43.5
E.U.C - GLOUCESTER PT.	8505	5260	5	10	3245	100.0	61.8	0.1	0.1	38.2
E.U.C. - CUMBERLAND PT.	5325	3875	0	85	1365	100.0	72.8	0.0	1.6	25.6
STITTSVILLE	1295	1070	0	0	220	100.0	82.6	0.0	0.0	17.0
S.U.C. - NEPEAN	3980	2220	0	0	1760	100.0	55.8	0.0	0.0	44.2
TOTAL URBAN CENTRES	26985	16800	85	95	10020	100.0	62.3	0.3	0.4	37.1
TOTAL URBAN	209560	76635	52855	395	79680	100.0	36.6	25.2	0.2	38.0
TOTAL RURAL										
RURAL KANATA	485	470	0	0	15	100.0	96.9	0.0	0.0	3.1
RURAL CUMBERLAND	2565	2380	0	15	175	100.0	92.8	0.0	0.6	6.8
RURAL GLOUCESTER	1405	1325	0	5	80	100.0	94.3	0.0	0.4	5.7
RURAL NEPEAN	965	925	0	5	15	100.0	95.9	0.0	0.5	1.6
RIDEAU	3230	3020	0	20	190	100.0	93.5	0.0	0.6	5.9
RURAL GOULBOURN	2640	2360	0	95	180	100.0	89.4	0.0	3.6	6.8
OSGOODE	3495	3295	0	70	120	100.0	94.3	0.0	2.0	3.4
WEST CARLETON	3800	3650	0	35	110	100.0	96.1	0.0	0.9	2.9
TOTAL RURAL	18585	17425	0	245	885	100.0	93.8	0.0	1.3	4.8
TOTAL OTTAWA-CARLETON	228145	94060	52845	640	80565	100.0	41.2	23.2	0.3	35.3

TABLE 20

DISTRIBUTION OF DWELLINGS SHOWING TENURE WITHIN OTTAWA-CARLETON, 1986

GEOGRAPHIC AREA	PRIVATE OCCUPIED DWELLINGS TOTAL	OWNED	(%)	RENTED	(%)
URBAN AREA					
OTTAWA	128615	50590	39.3	78025	60.7
VANIER	8325	2495	30.0	5830	70.0
ROCKLIFFE	635	585	92.1	50	7.9
NEPEAN -INSIDE GB	26885	15980	59.4	10900	40.5
GLOUCESTER -INSIDE GB	18115	10585	58.4	7545	41.7
TOTAL INSIDE GREENBELT	182575	80235	43.9	102350	56.1
W.U.C. - KANATA	7880	6155	78.1	1730	22.0
E.U.C - GLOUCESTER PT.	8505	6730	79.1	1780	20.9
E.U.C. - CUMBERLAND PT.	5325	4510	84.7	820	15.4
STITTSVILLE	1295	1185	91.5	115	8.9
S.U.C. - NEPEAN	3980	3305	83.0	680	17.1
TOTAL URBAN CENTRES	26985	21885	81.1	5125	19.0
TOTAL URBAN	209560	102120	48.7	107475	51.3
RURAL AREA					
RURAL KANATA	485	415	85.6	70	14.4
RURAL CUMBERLAND	2565	2215	86.4	350	13.6
RURAL GLOUCESTER	1405	1140	81.1	245	17.4
RURAL NEPEAN	965	770	79.8	195	20.2
RIDEAU	3230	2860	88.5	370	11.5
RURAL GOULBOURN	2640	2340	88.6	295	11.2
OSGOODE	3495	3080	88.1	410	11.7
WEST CARLETON	3800	3440	90.5	355	9.3
TOTAL RURAL	18585	16260	87.5	2290	12.3
TOTAL OTTAWA-CARLETON	228145	118380	51.9	109765	48.1

TABLE 21

POPULATION DISTRIBUTION; OTTAWA AND HULL PORTIONS OF CMA, 1961-1986

	OTTAWA-HULL CMA TOTAL POPULATION				ONTARIO PORTION OF CMA				QUEBEC PORTION OF CMA			
YEAR	1966 BOUNDARY	1971 BOUNDARY	1976, 1981 BOUNDARY	1986 BOUNDARY	1966 BOUNDARY	1971 BOUNDARY	1976, 1981 BOUNDARY	1986 BOUNDARY	1966 BOUNDARY	1971 BOUNDARY	1976, 1981 BOUNDARY	1986 BOUNDARY
1961	429761				332899				96862			
1966	494535	528774			384397	398387			110138	130387		
1971		602510	619861			453280	474176			149230	145685	
1976			693288				521341				171947	
1981			717978	743821			547399	557328			170579	186493
1986				819263				619049				200214

FIVE YEAR PERCENT GROWTH

	OTTAWA-HULL CMA	ONT PART CMA	QUEBEC PART CMA
61-66	15.07	15.47	13.71
66-71	13.94	13.78	14.45
71-76	11.85	9.95	18.03
76-81	3.56	5.00	-0.80
81-86	10.14	11.07	7.36